

PERA Act 2024 · 100 Solved MCQs

The **PERA Act** is the law every PPSC, PERA Sergeant, and general knowledge candidate must master this year, since it created a brand-new provincial enforcement authority in Punjab. Below you'll find 100 solved MCQs, a downloadable PDF, and everything you need to revise the **PERA Act 2024** in one sitting.

▮ Section 1 · Basic Introduction & History

1. What does PERA stand for in the PERA Act 2024?

- A) Punjab Education Regulatory Authority B) Punjab Enforcement and Regulatory Authority
C) Provincial Emergency Response Authority D) Punjab Environmental Regulation Authority

✓ Answer: B

2. The Punjab Enforcement and Regulation Act 2024 was passed by the Punjab Assembly on:

- A) October 11, 2024 B) November 5, 2024 C) January 1, 2025 D) August 14, 2024

✓ Answer: A

3. The PERA Act 2024 is officially cited as:

- A) Act IX of 2024 B) Act XI of 2024 C) Act V of 2024 D) Act XX of 2024

✓ Answer: B

4. How many chapters does the PERA Act 2024 contain?

- A) 12 B) 15 C) 18 D) 22

✓ Answer: C

5. How many total sections are in the PERA Act 2024?

A) 65 B) 74 C) 82 D) 90

✓ Answer: C

6. The Chief Minister who launched the PERA force was:

A) Shehbaz Sharif B) Maryam Nawaz Sharif C) Pervaiz Elahi D) Usman Buzdar

✓ Answer: B

7. Under the PERA Act 2024, PERA field operations first began in which division?

A) Multan Division B) Lahore Division C) Rawalpindi Division D) Faisalabad Division

✓ Answer: B

8. Which of the following is NOT a stated objective of the PERA Act 2024?

A) Combating artificial inflation B) Removing illegal encroachments
C) Regulating provincial elections D) Preventing hoarding

✓ Answer: C

9. The PERA Act 2024 primarily amended enforcement of laws in which province?

A) Sindh B) Punjab C) Balochistan D) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

✓ Answer: B

10. Chapter I of the PERA Act 2024 deals with:

A) Penalties B) Preliminary (title, extent, definitions) C) Appeals D) The Authority

✓ Answer: B

❏ Section 2 · Establishment & Composition of the Authority

11. Under Section 3 of the PERA Act 2024, the Authority is established as a:

- A)** Government department **B)** Body corporate with perpetual succession **C)** Federal ministry
D) Private company

✓ Answer: B

12. The headquarters of the Authority under the PERA Act 2024 is located at:

- A)** Multan **B)** Islamabad **C)** Lahore **D)** Faisalabad

✓ Answer: C

13. Who serves as the Chairperson of the Authority under the PERA Act 2024?

- A)** Chief Secretary Punjab **B)** Chief Minister Punjab **C)** Inspector General of Police
D) Director General PERA

✓ Answer: B

14. Who serves as the Vice Chairperson of the Authority?

- A)** Home Secretary **B)** Chief Secretary Punjab **C)** Provincial Ombudsman **D)** Advocate General

✓ Answer: B

15. Which chapter of the PERA Act 2024 establishes the Authority?

- A)** Chapter I **B)** Chapter II **C)** Chapter III **D)** Chapter IV

✓ Answer: B

16. Who heads the day-to-day operations of PERA under the Act?

A) Director General **B)** Home Minister **C)** Chief Justice **D)** Hearing Officer

✓ Answer: A

17. Independent members of the Authority are appointed for a term of:

A) One year **B)** Two years **C)** Three years **D)** Five years

✓ Answer: C

18. Under the PERA Act 2024, the Chairperson may delegate his authority to:

A) Any Sergeant **B)** The Vice Chairperson **C)** The Board Secretary **D)** A private lawyer

✓ Answer: B

19. An independent member may resign by giving the Government notice of:

A) One week **B)** One month **C)** Three months **D)** Six months

✓ Answer: B

20. The Authority under the PERA Act 2024 can sue and be sued because it has:

A) Political immunity **B)** A common seal and legal personality **C)** No legal standing
D) Diplomatic status

✓ Answer: B

✂ Section 3 · Powers & Functions of the Authority

21. Which of the following is a core function of the Authority under the PERA Act 2024?

A) Issuing passports **B)** Improving coordination among regulatory agencies
C) Conducting elections **D)** Printing currency

✓ Answer: B

22. The PERA Act 2024 aims to designate a lead regulator where enforcement is:

A) Excellent B) Lacking or prone to overlap C) Fully privatized D) Not required

✓ Answer: B

23. If PERA Act 2024 conflicts with another law, which prevails?

A) The older law B) The PERA Act 2024 C) Federal law automatically
D) Whichever is more lenient

✓ Answer: B

24. The Authority may enter into arrangements with other agencies mainly for:

A) Trade deals B) Exchange of information and assistance C) Sports events D) Tax collection

✓ Answer: B

25. Under Section 57, who must assist the Authority in performing its duties?

A) Only Punjab Police B) All executive authorities and law enforcement agencies
C) Only the judiciary D) No one is obligated

✓ Answer: B

26. Meetings of the Authority are dealt with under which section?

A) Section 3 B) Section 4 C) Section 5 D) Section 9

✓ Answer: C

27. Delegation of powers by the Authority is covered under:

A) Section 6 B) Section 7 C) Section 8 D) Section 9

✓ Answer: D

28. The Authority may make regulations to provide for efficiency in matters related to:

A) Its employees B) Federal budget C) National elections D) Foreign policy

✓ Answer: A

29. The Punjab Enforcement and Regulation Act 2024 empowers the Authority to streamline regulatory measures across:

A) Pakistan B) The whole province of Punjab C) Only Lahore D) South Punjab only

✓ Answer: B

30. Employees of the Authority are addressed under:

A) Section 6 B) Section 7 C) Section 8 D) Section 10

✓ Answer: C

📌 Section 4 · District Enforcement and Regulatory Board

31. Chapter III of the PERA Act 2024 establishes:

A) Enforcement Stations B) District Enforcement and Regulatory Board C) The Authority
D) Appeal courts

✓ Answer: B

32. The District Board under the PERA Act 2024 is housed at:

A) Lahore only B) The District Headquarters C) A police station D) A private office

✓ Answer: B

33. Who acts as Secretary of the District Enforcement and Regulatory Board?

- A) A designated officer under the Act B) The Chief Minister C) A police constable
D) A member of the public

✓ Answer: A

34. Grievance redressal by the Board is addressed in:

- A) Section 11 B) Section 13 C) Section 15 D) Section 17

✓ Answer: C

35. Powers and functions of the District Board are covered under:

- A) Section 10 B) Section 11 C) Section 12 D) Section 14

✓ Answer: C

36. Which section covers "assistance by the Board" to Enforcement Stations?

- A) Section 12 B) Section 13 C) Section 14 D) Section 15

✓ Answer: C

37. Composition of the Board is dealt with under:

- A) Section 10 B) Section 11 C) Section 12 D) Section 13

✓ Answer: B

38. A requisition sent by an Enforcement Station in-charge to the Board goes through the:

- A) Hearing Officer B) Chief Minister directly C) Federal Government D) Supreme Court

✓ Answer: A

39. The overall structure of PERA under the PERA Act 2024 is best described as:

- A) Single-tier B) Multi-tiered (provincial, divisional/district, tehsil) C) Federal-only
D) Village-level only

✓ Answer: B

40. Establishment of Boards is provided under which section?

- A) Section 9 B) Section 10 C) Section 11 D) Section 12

✓ Answer: B

☒ Section 5 · Enforcement Stations & Officers

41. Under the PERA Act 2024, an Enforcement Station is:

- A) The same as a police station B) A separate place/premises, not a police station
C) A federal court D) A university department

✓ Answer: B

42. Who leads an Enforcement Station under the PERA Act 2024?

- A) Investigation Officer B) Sub Divisional Enforcement Officer C) Chief Secretary
D) Hearing Officer

✓ Answer: B

43. An Investigation Officer can enter and search private property only:

- A) At any time freely B) Subject to warrant or Magistrate's order C) With media coverage
D) Never

✓ Answer: B

44. Which officer type is junior-most in PERA's field hierarchy?

A) Director General **B)** Hearing Officer **C)** Sergeant **D)** Sub Divisional Enforcement Officer

✓ Answer: C

45. Enforcement Officers may exercise their powers while wearing:

A) A police uniform only **B)** A body camera or similar recording device **C)** No identification
D) Civilian clothes exclusively

✓ Answer: B

46. Under Section 24, the Government cannot confer additional powers that fall under:

A) Chapter V of the Act **B)** Chapter I only **C)** Federal law
D) Any restriction, powers are unlimited

✓ Answer: A

47. Every Enforcement Station must have a designated:

A) Judge **B)** Prosecutor **C)** Mayor **D)** Minister

✓ Answer: B

48. Enforcement Officers have the duty to enforce laws specified in the:

A) Constitution **B)** Schedule of the Act **C)** Penal Code only **D)** Civil Procedure Code

✓ Answer: B

49. Which officer's role includes filing complaints and getting FIRs registered?

- A) Sub Divisional Enforcement Officer B) Independent member C) Whistle-blower
D) Prosecutor only

✓ Answer: A

50. Record keeping at the Enforcement Station is the responsibility of the:

- A) Sub Divisional Enforcement Officer B) Chief Minister C) Federal Ombudsman
D) Local Mayor

✓ Answer: A

🛡️ Section 6 · Arrest, FIR & Investigation Procedure

51. After an arrest under the PERA Act 2024, the arrested person must be produced before a Magistrate within:

- A) 12 hours B) 24 hours C) 48 hours D) 72 hours

✓ Answer: B

52. Who registers the FIR after an arrest under the PERA Act 2024?

- A) The Hearing Officer directly B) The Sub Divisional Enforcement Officer C) The Chief Minister
D) The complainant only

✓ Answer: B

53. Offences committed under the PERA Act 2024 are generally:

- A) Bailable and non-cognizable B) Cognizable and non-bailable C) Civil in nature only
D) Not triable in any court

✓ Answer: B

54. An offence under the PERA Act 2024 is triable by a:

- A)** High Court judge **B)** Magistrate **C)** Tribunal only **D)** Union Council

✓ Answer: B

55. An arrest under the PERA Act 2024 must be reported promptly to the Hearing Officer through the:

- A)** Investigation Officer **B)** Sub Divisional Enforcement Officer **C)** Board Secretary
D) Local police

✓ Answer: B

56. The Code applicable to arrest procedures alongside the PERA Act 2024 is the:

- A)** Civil Procedure Code **B)** Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 **C)** Companies Act
D) Police Order 2002

✓ Answer: B

57. Searches of private property by an Investigation Officer require reasonable grounds of:

- A)** Public opinion **B)** Suspicion **C)** Media pressure **D)** Political directive

✓ Answer: B

58. Investigation Officers under the PERA Act 2024 must meet a minimum:

- A)** Political rank **B)** Basic Scale seniority requirement **C)** Age of 60 **D)** Foreign qualification

✓ Answer: B

59. The Act authorizes use of which modern evidence method in enforcement proceedings?

- A)** Astrology reports **B)** Digital forensics and audio-video recordings **C)** Hearsay only

D) Anonymous tips only

✓ Answer: B

60. After arrest, the record must be reported to the Magistrate as well as the:

A) Governor **B)** Hearing Officer **C)** National Assembly **D)** Federal Cabinet

✓ Answer: B

▮ Section 7 · Public Nuisance & Encroachments

61. Which chapter of the PERA Act 2024 deals with public nuisance and encroachments?

A) Chapter V **B)** Chapter VI **C)** Chapter VII **D)** Chapter VIII

✓ Answer: C

62. When a nuisance is confirmed, the Enforcement Officer first issues a(n):

A) Absolute Order **B)** Emergency Prohibition Order **C)** Arrest warrant
D) Show-cause notice to the Chief Minister

✓ Answer: B

63. An offender may challenge an Emergency Prohibition Order by filing representation before the Hearing Officer within:

A) 7 days **B)** 15 days **C)** 30 days **D)** 60 days

✓ Answer: B

64. If the Emergency Prohibition Order is not complied with, the Hearing Officer may convert it into a(n):

A) Final warning **B)** Absolute Order **C)** Apology letter **D)** Suspension notice

✓ Answer: B

65. Under the PERA Act 2024, no person shall encroach upon:

A) His own property **B)** State property **C)** Foreign land **D)** Private agricultural land only

✓ Answer: B

66. Costs of enforcement recovered from an offender are treated as:

A) A gift to the government **B)** Arrears of land revenue **C)** Uncollectable debt **D)** A private loan

✓ Answer: B

67. If auction proceeds exceed recovery costs, the excess amount is:

A) Kept by the officer **B)** Returned to the offender **C)** Donated automatically
D) Forfeited to the federal treasury

✓ Answer: B

68. A complaint about public nuisance under the PERA Act 2024 can be filed by:

A) Only government officers **B)** Any aggrieved person, department, or employee
C) Only the media **D)** Only elected representatives

✓ Answer: B

69. For removal of moveable encroachment, the Enforcement Officer first serves a:

A) Removal Order **B)** Death sentence **C)** Tax notice **D)** Election notice

✓ Answer: A

70. Which of these is NOT a listed action available to an Enforcement Officer against nuisance offenders?

- A) Confiscate goods with a seizure memo B) Seal premises C) Grant a government pension
D) Arrest the offender

✓ Answer: C

▮ Section 8 · Scheduled Laws & Offences

71. "Scheduled laws" under the PERA Act 2024 refers to laws:

- A) Made only by the Federal Government B) Listed in the Schedule appended to the Act
C) That no longer apply D) From foreign countries

✓ Answer: B

72. Which of these laws is enforced by PERA under the PERA Act 2024's schedule?

- A) Punjab Price Control of Essential Commodities Act 2024 B) Companies Act 2017
C) Income Tax Ordinance 2001 D) Contract Act 1872

✓ Answer: A

73. PERA implements anti-hoarding rules through the:

- A) Punjab Prevention of Hoarding Act 2020 B) Sales Tax Act C) Anti-Terrorism Act
D) Land Revenue Act 1967

✓ Answer: A

74. Under the PERA Act 2024, "public nuisance" cannot be excused simply because the act:

- A) Caused injury to the public B) Offered some convenience or advantage C) Broke the law
D) Was reported

✓ Answer: B

75. The Government may amend the Schedule of the PERA Act 2024 by:

- A)** A Supreme Court ruling only **B)** Notification, inserting laws from time to time
- C)** A referendum **D)** A private bill

✓ Answer: B

76. The main goal of the price-control provisions under the PERA Act 2024 is to:

- A)** Increase taxes **B)** Stabilize the market and curb profiteering **C)** Set export quotas
- D)** Fix currency exchange rates

✓ Answer: B

77. PERA officers derive their power over Scheduled law offences the same way an inspector or:

- A)** Judge would **B)** Designated/authorized officer would under those laws **C)** Minister would
- D)** Auditor would

✓ Answer: B

78. Fines imposed by Enforcement Officers on offenders are subject to:

- A)** No limitations at all **B)** Prescribed pecuniary limitations **C)** Federal court approval only
- D)** Media confirmation

✓ Answer: B

79. Which of these is a purpose the PERA Act 2024 explicitly serves regarding regulatory agencies?

- A)** Abolishing them completely **B)** Improving coordination and cooperation between them
- C)** Merging them with the police **D)** Transferring them to the federal government

✓ Answer: B

80. Encroachment and profiteering offences under the PERA Act 2024 fall under which broad category?

- A) Purely civil disputes B) Public welfare regulatory offences C) International law
D) Constitutional amendments

✓ Answer: B

⚠ Section 9 · Penalties, Misuse of Authority & Whistle-blower

81. Falsely claiming to be a PERA officer is punishable under which Code?

- A) Civil Procedure Code B) Pakistan Penal Code 1860 C) Police Order 2002
D) Contract Act 1872

✓ Answer: B

82. "Misuse of authority" under the PERA Act 2024 includes an officer who:

- A) Follows correct procedure B) Vexatiously and unnecessarily searches or detains a person
C) Reports his supervisor D) Wears a body camera

✓ Answer: B

83. A person making a whistle-blower disclosure under the PERA Act 2024 must first:

- A) Remain anonymous forever
B) Make a personal declaration that the information is believed true C) Pay a fee
D) Get court permission

✓ Answer: B

84. Whistle-blower disclosure is covered under which section?

- A) Section 55 B) Section 56 C) Section 57 D) Section 58

✓ Answer: D

85. A penalty imposed under the PERA Act 2024 does NOT absolve an offender from:

- A) Any other liability under any other law B) Paying taxes C) Voting rights
D) Travel restrictions

✓ Answer: A

86. The term "company" under the misuse-of-authority provisions includes a firm or:

- A) Any association of persons B) Only registered corporations C) Only sole proprietors
D) Foreign entities exclusively

✓ Answer: A

87. Vexatiously delaying a case forwarded to court is treated under the Act as:

- A) Standard procedure B) Misuse of authority C) Not an offence D) A minor clerical error

✓ Answer: B

88. Disciplinary action against PERA employees is separately governed by the:

- A) PERA Efficiency and Discipline Regulations 2025 B) Police Order 2002 C) Election Act 2017
D) Land Revenue Act 1967

✓ Answer: A

89. In a departmental inquiry, the Inquiry Officer must generally submit findings within:

- A) 10 days B) 30 days C) 6 months D) 1 year

✓ Answer: B

90. Personating a PERA officer while performing acts of that office is punishable under which section of the Penal Code framework referenced in the PERA Act 2024?

A) Section 170 **B)** Section 302 **C)** Section 420 **D)** Section 144

✓ Answer: A

▮ Section 10 · Appeals, Definitions & General Knowledge

91. An appeal against a Hearing Officer's decision under the PERA Act 2024 lies before the:

A) Commissioner **B)** Chief Minister **C)** National Assembly **D)** Governor

✓ Answer: A

92. An appeal must be filed before the Commissioner within how many days of the Hearing Officer's decision?

A) 15 days **B)** 30 days **C)** 45 days **D)** 60 days

✓ Answer: B

93. A further appeal against the Commissioner's decision can be filed in the:

A) Court, within 30 days **B)** Senate **C)** Police Department **D)** District Council

✓ Answer: A

94. Under the PERA Act 2024, "Authorized Officer" is defined and appointed under:

A) Section 10 **B)** Section 20 **C)** Section 30 **D)** Section 40

✓ Answer: A

95. Definitions under the PERA Act 2024 are provided in:

A) Section 1 **B)** Section 2 **C)** Section 3 **D)** Schedule only

✓ Answer: B

96. Under the PERA Act 2024, "State property" means property under the control of:

A) Any private citizen **B)** The Government or a Government-controlled entity
C) A foreign company **D)** A non-profit only

✓ Answer: B

97. The PERA Act 2024's rollout across all Punjab districts was targeted for:

A) December 2024 **B)** September 2025 **C)** June 2026 **D)** It has no target date

✓ Answer: B

98. Critics of the PERA Act 2024 argued it mainly risks overlapping with the powers of the:

A) Judiciary **B)** Punjab Police **C)** Election Commission **D)** Auditor General

✓ Answer: B

99. Under the PERA Act 2024, "requisition" refers to a formal request made under:

A) Section 20 **B)** Section 45 **C)** Section 60 **D)** Section 82

✓ Answer: A

100. The overall aim of the PERA Act 2024 is best summarized as:

A) Centralizing enforcement of special laws for effective, accountable regulation across Punjab
B) Replacing the judiciary **C)** Abolishing all provincial departments
D) Managing federal elections

✓ Answer: A

